7.10.3. KPIs Report

KPI (Key Performance Indicators) report shows important indicators of the current project performance. Streamline calculates a variety of indicators. Most of them evaluate the inventory planning process.

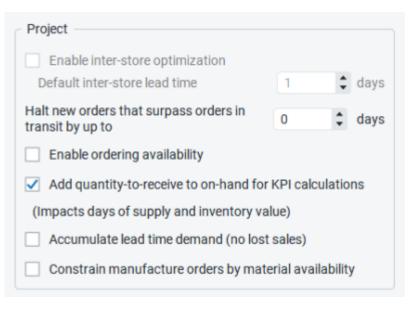
New 🔻	1	Open	Save 🗸	C C up	date data 🔻	Last update	ed on Oct 1, 2020										
	T+ New filter		All items														
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Start		Item code	Inventory value	Days of supply	Overstock	Stockout	Non-moving inventory value		nover Days to sell	Gross margin	Turn-earn index	Annual gross profit	Annual revenue	Next year revenue	Annual sales	Next year sales	Purchase value,
Demand	1	562156-01	10,251,3	43	0	0	0	7.1	52	0.2%	1.1	109,491.51	72,628,632	90,655,644	364,968	455,556	7,360,642.69
$\widehat{\mathbf{v}}$	2	1866-MB	2,917,76	60	133,245	0	0	5.9	62	0.3%	1.8	52,256.33	17,244,414	17,798,616	174,186	179,784	1,109,190.57
Inventory	3	VB2166 150	627,615.67	36	0	142,838.67	0	9.1	40	1.9%	17.1	109,490.47	5,835,83	7,276,66	364,968	455,076	771,634.18
Ē	4	56213-P	563,081.90	37	0	0	0	8.5	43	0.8%	6.4	36,497.17	4,804,19	5,996,63	121,656	151,852	653,924.32
Reports	5	111565-02	523,724.46	41	0	5,363.12	0	7.4	49	2.7%	20.3	109,490.47	4,010,99	5,006,56	364,968	455,556	526,578.69
[.11]	6	05-T48	427,610.67	36	0	98,173.66	0	9.1	40	2.7%	24.9	109,490.47	4,010,99	5,001,28	364,968	455,076	525,734.18
Dashboard	7	VR2156 200	328,781.06	36	0	71,850.35	0	9.7	38	1.6%	15.6	52,255.67	3,238,11	3,342,18	174,186	179,784	322,269.82
	8	89654-T	604,975.27	62	49,461.28	0	0	5.7	64	1.5%	8.5	52,255.67	3,481,97	3,593,88	174,186	179,784	221,276.23
	9	MB-50046	161,036.40	36	0	39,176.28	0	9	40	7%	63.2	109,490.38	1,565,71	1,954,33	364,968	455,556	196,499.52
	10	056329 N PW	39,595.05	36	0	11,526.15	0	9.1	40	23.3%	212.2	109,490.38	470,808.71	587,048.02	364,968	455,076	48,690.18
	11	500461	120,186.99	64	16,051.50	0	0	5.3	68	7.5%	40.2	52,255.79	695,002.14	717,338.16	174,186	179,784	41,490.36
	12	562132	193,027.51	57	0	24,565	0	4.9	75	10.4%	50.8	109,490.47	1,054,75	1,316,55	364,968	455,556	40,124.28
	13	056329 PU	14,156.01	36	0	4,267.35	0	9.7	38	27.5%	267.5	52,255.80	189,862.75	195,964.57	174,186	179,784	13,921.38

The table below is a brief description of the indicators.

Description							
Indicates the value of the item in stock							
Shows how many days of the future demand, starting from the project date, the current On hand (including orders to ship) can cover. You can choose the representation units for this indicator between <i>days</i> or <i>months</i> in the Settings.							
Indicates the value of the expected item overstock							
displays the value of the expected item shortage							
Specifies the balance value of the item in stock. It is calculated if the item will not be sold during the forecast horizon period according to the forecast.							
Turns/year	Shows how many times an item was purchased and then sold out for the last 12 months						
Days to sell	Indicates how many days it takes to complete one turnover cycle						
Displays a gross profit margin for the item							
Specifies an item gross margin accumulated over the last 12 months							
Shows an aggregation of the transactions' profit over the last 12 complete months							
Shows the averaged item revenue over the last 12 months							
Indicates the expected item revenue for the next 12 months according to the forecasts							
Displays the total amount sold in quantities over the last 12 months							
Displays the expected amount to be sold for the next 12 months							
e value Displays the purchase amount for each planning item							
	Indicates the value of the item in sto Shows how many days of the future the current On hand (including order representation units for this indicato Indicates the value of the expected it displays the value of the expected it Specifies the balance value of the iter not be sold during the forecast horized Turns/year Displays a gross profit margin for the Specifies an item gross margin accurd Shows an aggregation of the transact months Shows the averaged item revenue or Indicates the expected amount sold in quaded to be and the top of the top						

Streamline allows for changing the way the Inventory value and Non-moving inventory value KPIs are calculated. You can set Streamline to account for the To receive quantity of purchase orders when it

calculates these in Settings.



Below we give a more detailed description of these KPIs.

Item Value-Dependent Indicators

There is a set of KPIs that depends on the *item value*. *Item value* is a characteristic that is taken as **Inventory value/unit** or Purchase price/unit data type. If both data types are given, the former is taken as the *item value*.

Item value-dependent indicators are the following:

- Inventory value
- Expected overstock value
- Non-moving inventory value
- Gross margin
- Annual gross profit

Below we explain how they are calculated.

Inventory Value

The **Inventory value** indicator shows the value of the item in stock. If it is not imported directly using the **Aggregated spreadsheet connection**, it is calculated as:

Inventory value = *item* value * On hand.

Expected Overstock Value

The Expected overstock value indicator indicates the expected overstock value for an item. It is

Non-Moving Inventory Value

The **Non-moving inventory value** indicator is calculated for those items that will not be sold during the forecast horizon according to the forecast. Streamline doesn't computes this KPI for items that are forecasted using an intermittent demand model. The formula for this indicator is:

Non-moving inventory value = *item value* * **On hand**.

Gross Margin

The **Gross margin** indicator is the monthly gross profit margin. Its calculation is based on the compound interest and the formula looks like:

$$Gross \ margin = \left(1 - \frac{itemValue \times inflationCoefficient^{selloutTime}}{avgSalesPrice}\right) \times 100\%$$

inflationCoefficient = 1 + interest rate,

selloutTime = (lead time + Days to sell) / 365.25,

where:

- *avgSalesPrice* the average selling price for the current month;
- lead time is the Lead time or DC lead time depenting on the echelon the item resides at;
- interest rate the annual interest rate that is taken from the Settings

Annual Gross Profit

This indicator is an aggregation of transactions' profit over the last 12 complete months. It is calculated in two ways depending on the available data:

- 1. It is the sum of the Transaction profit imported from the data source.
- 2. It is calculated using the formula:

Annual gross
$$profit = \sum_{t=1}^{N} (avg \ sales \ price_t \ item \ value) \times sales_t$$

where:

- *N* the number of data aggregation periods making up 12 months;
- avg sales price, the average sales price over the t-th period. It can be calculated if the Sales price/unit data type was imported;
- *sales*_t the item quantity sold in the t-th period.

Streamline uses the first method primarily.

Expected Stockout Value

The **Expected stockout value** indicator is the expected inventory deficiency value in the base currency. It is calculated as:

Expected stockout value = avg sales price * stockout_qty,

where *avg sales price* is the average sales price in the current period. If we don't have sales in the current period, data of the previous period is used.

Turnover

Inventory turnover tells how many times an item was purchased and then sold out over a particular period of time. Its formula looks like:

$$Turnover_{period} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} Sales_i \times K}{\sum_{i=0}^{K} On \ hand_i}$$

where:

- *N* the number of days in the period;
- *Sales*_i the item quantity sold on i-th day;
- *K* the number of days in the period without stockout;
- On hand, stock on hand at the end of i-th day. It is determined based on On hand change or On hand (as remaining after a transaction) imported from the data source.

If sales history can't cover the period, it is brought to it proportionally using the formula:

$$Sales_{period} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{K} Sales_i \times N}{K}$$
,

where:

- *N* the number of days in the period;
- K the sales history length in days;
- *Sales*_i the item quantity sold on i-th day.

The **Turns/year** column of this report shows the turnover over the last 12 months.

Turn-earn Index

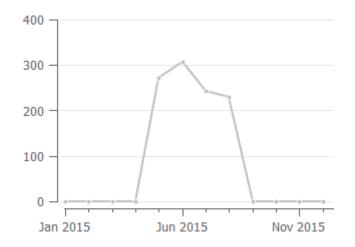
This indicator shows an item gross margin accumulated over the last 12 months and calculated as:

```
Turn-earn index = Gross margin * Turns/year.
```

This indicator is usually used to rank products and find the most profitable items.

Annual Revenue

Let's explain how this indicator is calculated. Consider the product sales history depicted in the figure below.

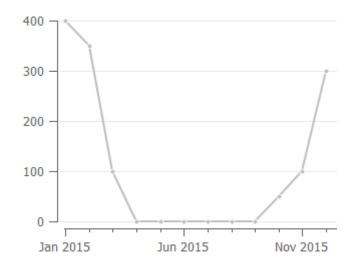


To calculate annual revenue in this case, Streamline always skips zero demand before the sales have started. So only the sales of the last 8 months are taken into account. The formula looks like:

Annual revenue = Revenue_{May-Dec} / 8 * 12

If we have sales history shown in the figure below, then sales of all the months are taken into account:

Annual revenue = Revenue_{Jan-Dec} / 12 * 12



So, as you see, this indicator depends on the sales history of the last 12 months, and thus, may significantly change from month to month.

Revenue data of the current period is taken into account only if this period is complete. Thus, **Annual revenue** accounts for the data of the last 12 complete months.

Next Year Revenue

If the forecast horizon is one year, the next year's revenue is the summed revenue of the next 12 months. Otherwise, it is calculated proportionally using the available data. For example, if data aggregation period is one month, this indicator is calculated as:

Next year revenue = *Revenue*_n /n * 12,

where:

- *n* is the number of months to forecast ahead;
- *Revenue*^{*n*} is summed revenue over the future *n* months.

Annual sales

The annual sales value sums up the quantity sold over the past 12 months. It can be found in the Actual sales line in the Demand Tab.

Next year sales

The next year sales value indicates a possible amount to be sold. It's a sum up of the forecast in quantities for the next 12 months.

Purchase Value

This indicator shows the purchase amount for each planning item. It is calculated based on the current purchase recommendations. This column allows you to view the total purchase amount by each supplier if you group this report by the **Supplier** using the Aggregate by drop-down.

Next: Inventory Planning

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Last update: 2022/11/17 22:04

