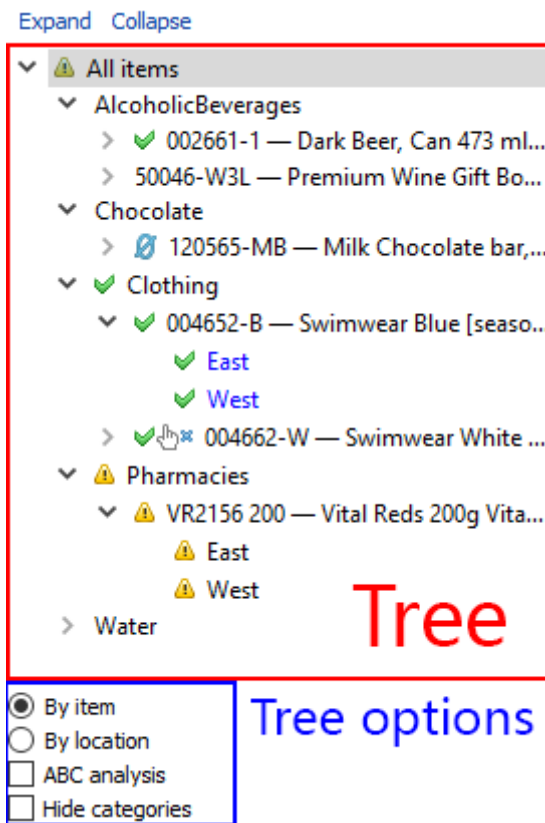


6.7.2 Tree View

The **Tree view** consists of a tree, allowing you to go through imported data hierarchy, and options that are designed to rebuild the tree according to the chosen viewing option (see figure below).



Depending on the imported and configured data, the **Tree View** shows imported items, locations, channels, and item/location categories. It is used to:

- View your planning items via item, location, and a channel view.
- Identify nodes with particular forecasting/inventory settings using a [special icon-coding](#) (see figure above).
- Identify nodes which you have made [manual overrides](#) to. Streamline shows them in blue (see figure above). This helps you to spot overridden nodes in the tree.

Information on the selected node immediately appears in the **Table**, **Plot** and the **Panel**.

Buttons

The **Collapse** and **Expand** links, residing above the tree, are used to fold and unfold currently selected node.

Options

Depending on the available data, the set of tree options differs.

- If item/location categories were imported, the [Hide categories option](#) is available.
- If locations or channels were imported, there will be two viewing options - [By item](#) and [By location/By channel](#).
- If additionally to locations you import channels, Streamline enables you to view your data using [six different options](#).

Here is a list of the available options if locations/channels were imported:

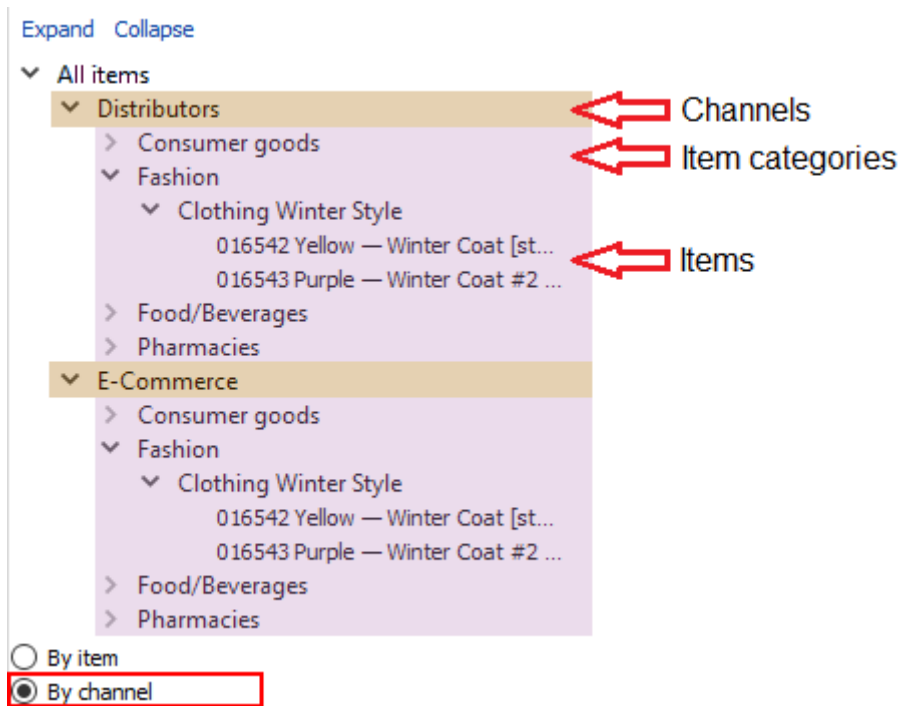
- **By item.** All the information (forecasts, historical data, inventory) is, first, aggregated by location and location categories, and then, by item and item categories. The tree shows items on top of locations (see figure below).



- **By location.** The information is, first, aggregated by item and item categories, and then, by location and location categories. So, the tree shows locations on top of items (see figure below).



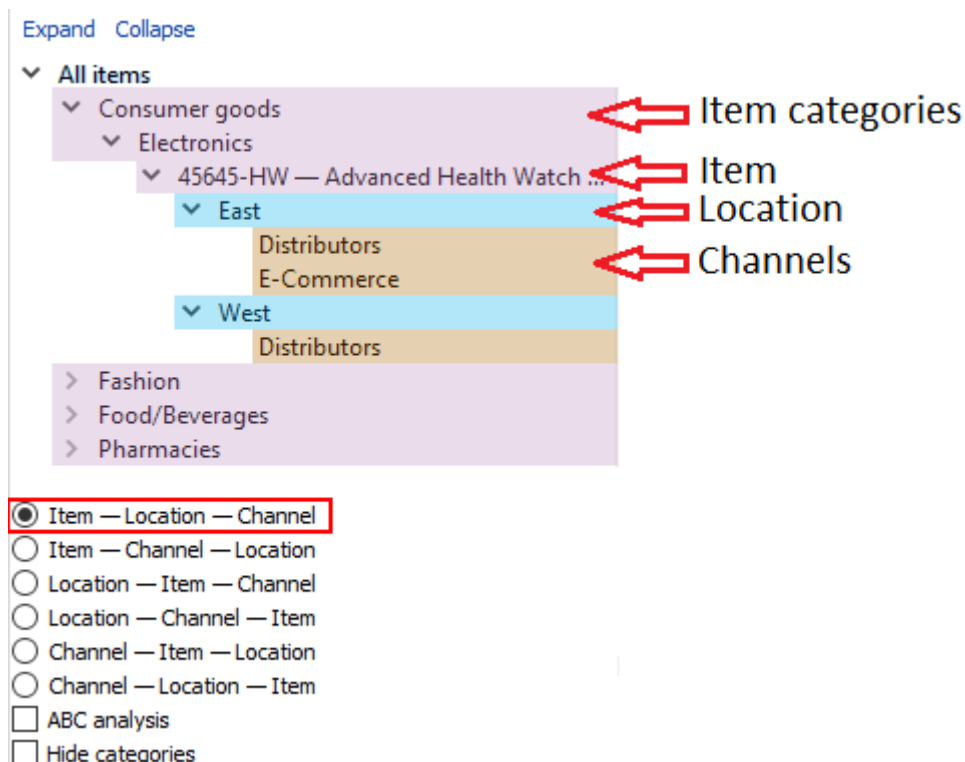
- **By channel.** The information is, first, aggregated by item and item categories, and then, by channel. The tree shows channels on top of items (see figure below).



2019/06/04 13:39 · admin

Here is a list of the available options if locations and channels were imported:

- **Item — Location — Channel** option aggregates your data first by channel, then by location, and then, by item (see figure below).



- **Item — Channel — Location** option aggregates your data by location, channel, and then, by

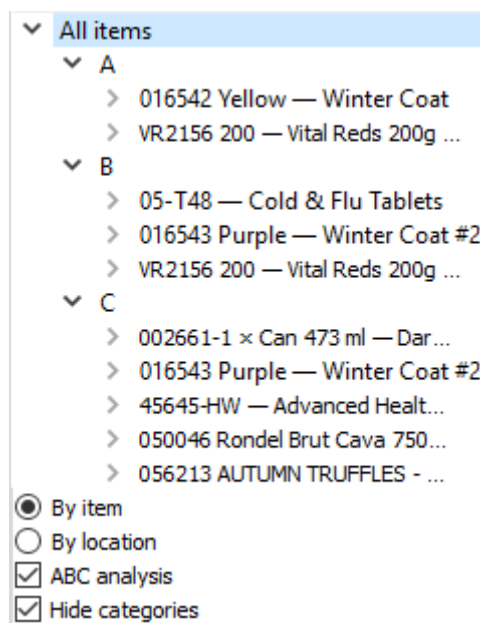
item.

- **Location — Item — Channel** option groups your data by channel, item, and then, by location.
- **Location — Channel — Item** option aggregates the data by item, channel, and then, by location.
- **Channel — Item — Location** option groups your data by location, item, and then, by channel.
- **Channel — Location — Item** option aggregates the data by item, location, and then, by channel.

2019/06/03 13:47 · admin

Additional options:

- **ABC analysis** option runs the [ABC analysis](#) and categorizes items into three categories: A, B, and C. These categories make up an additional hierarchy to the previous tree and appear on the top of it.







- **Hide categories** option hides item or locations categories in the tree. This is handy, for example, when you need to see the SKUs under the ABC classification directly.

Icon-coding

The **Tree view** is tightly linked to the [Forecasting tab](#) settings. Each option of the tab (except default option) has its own icon that is immediately prefixed to the currently selected tree node. The description of this notation is the following:

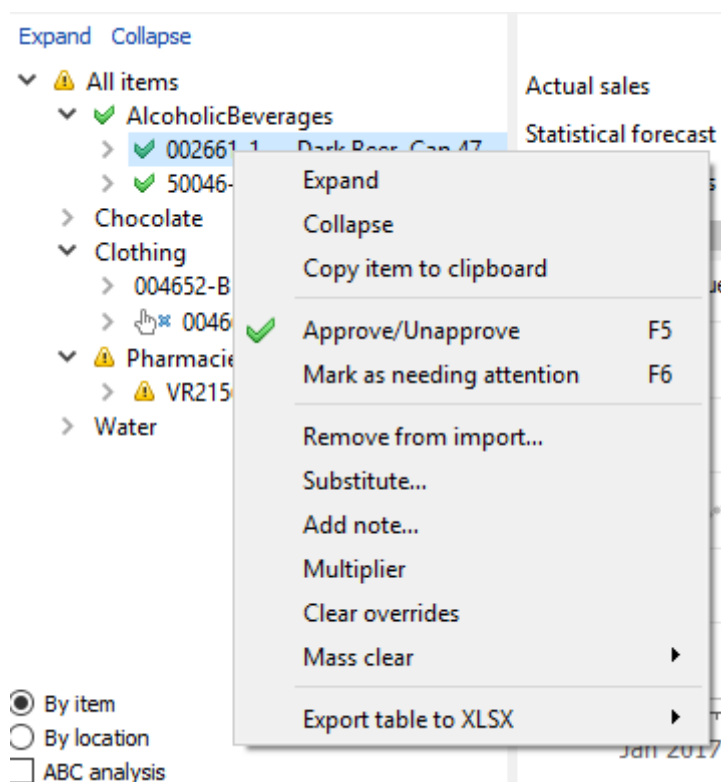
- ✓ The [forecast is approved](#).
- ⚠ The [forecast needs attention](#) and to be reviewed in a future.
- 🗨 A note is added to the node.
- ⬆ The [bottom-up](#) forecasting approach is used.
- ⬇ The [top-down](#) forecasting approach is used.
- 🏠 The [top-down for child nodes](#) forecasting approach is used.
- 🖱 A manually [selected](#) (or [adjusted](#)) forecasting model is used.
- 🗑 Zeros in the sales history represent the [lost sales](#).

-  A model **multiplier** is used.
-  A **custom sales history length** is used to generate forecasts.
-  A **holidays calendar** is used to capture the holidays in the item's sales history.
-  A **custom seasonality weighting** is used.

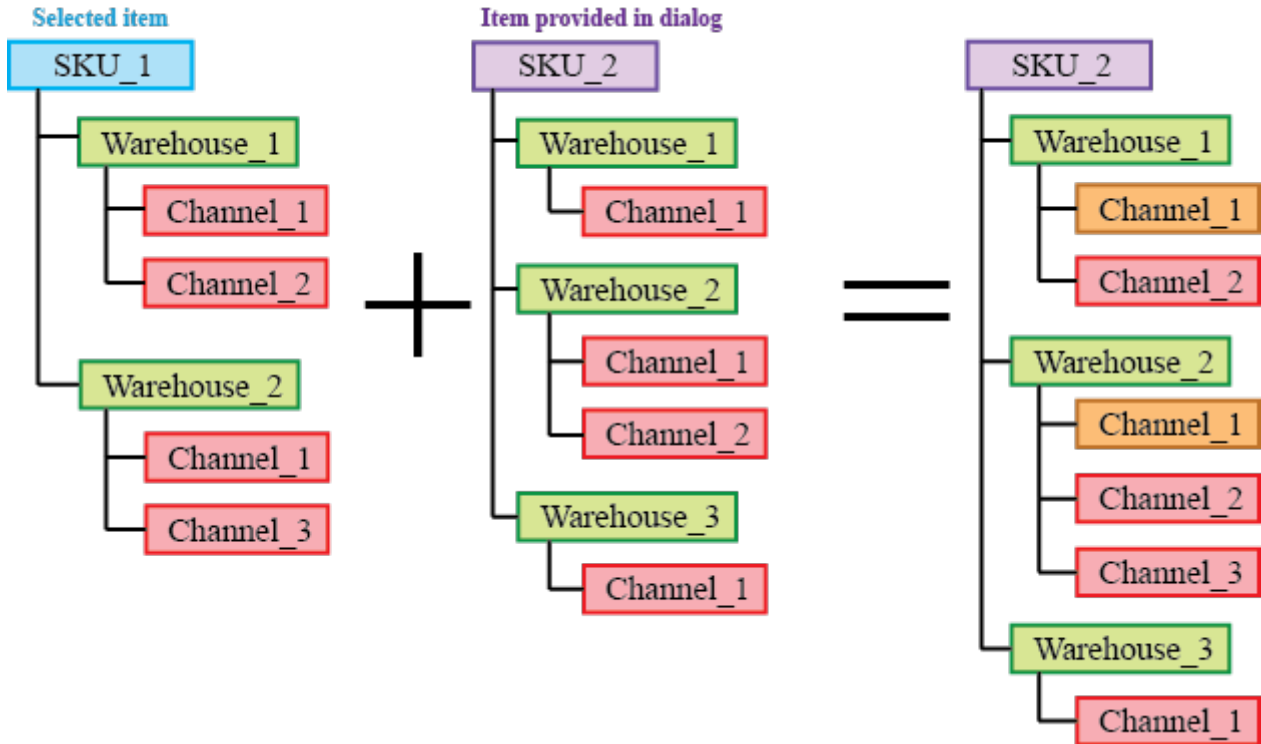
Each of the icons has its gray variant meaning that the node inherits the option from its parent.

Context Menu

The context menu of the **Tree view** holds the most common operations used to manipulate tree nodes. It is accessible with the right mouse button. The commands in the menu are applied to the currently selected node in the **Tree view**.

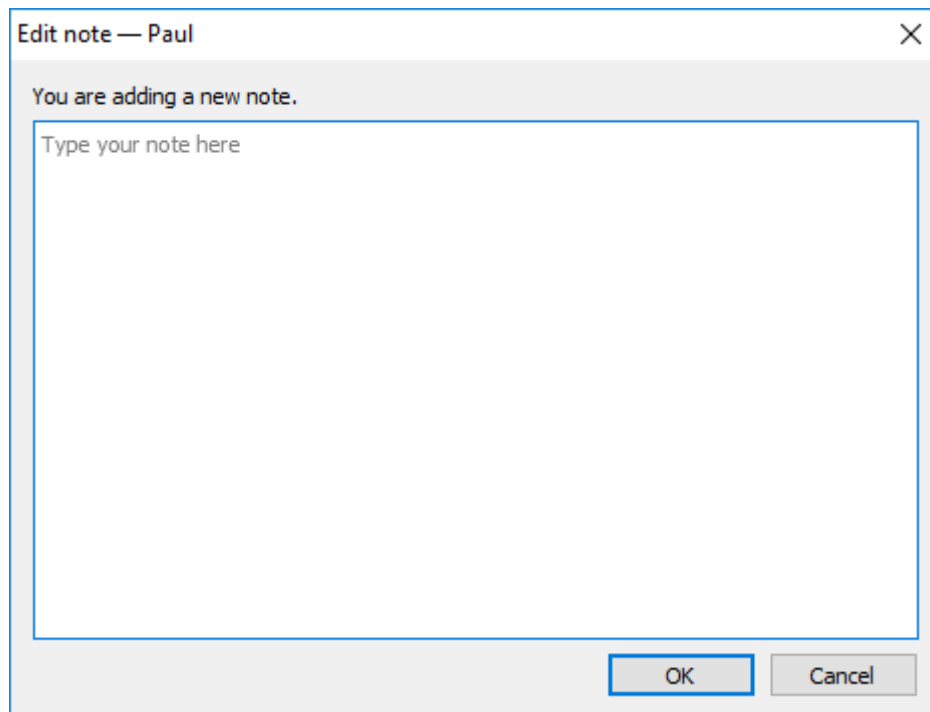


- **Expand** is used to show all sub-levels of the currently selected node.
- **Collapse** is used to hide all sub-levels of the currently selected node.
- **Copy item to clipboard** copies the item code of the selected planning item to the clipboard.
- **Approve/Unapprove** toggles the approval status of the selected node and all its descendants.
- **Mark as needing attention** is used to indicate that the item needs to be reviewed at a later time.
- **Remove from import...** bans the selected item code (not planning item) from import.
- **Substitute** merges the selected planning item with the planning item which code is provided in the appeared window on a channel basis (see figure below). If the provided item code exists in the project, this operation removes the item code of the selected planning item from the project, otherwise, it renames it.



Orange in the figure above indicates the channels with merged histories.

- **Add note** opens the **Edit note** dialog (see figure below) where you can add, remove, or edit the note for the selected planning item.



- **Clear overrides** clears the overrides for the selected planning item made on the **Demand forecasting** and **Inventory planning** tabs, except for the overrides to the [model coefficients](#).
- **Export table to XLSX**. The **Current item** command exports the **Demand forecasting** table of the selected item to Excel. The **All child nodes** command merges the tables of all the child nodes of the selected item and exports the result in a single Excel spreadsheet.

[Next: Table](#)

[Download PDF](#)

From:

<https://gmdhsoftware.com/documentation-sl/> - **GMDH Streamline User Guide**

Permanent link:

<https://gmdhsoftware.com/documentation-sl/iv-tree-view>

Last update: **2019/10/17 15:18**

